Hos	pital	Log	(0

Patient Identification Label

Informed Consent for ORIF/Partial/Total Patellectomy

Name:	Age (in years):	Gender: ☐ M ☐ F ☐ Other		
UHID No./Registration No.:				
Interpreter Service: ☐ Yes ☐ No	Consultant's Name:			
Medical Condition The doctor has explained that I/my child/myhave the following medical condition:				
and I/my child/myhave been explained and advised to undergo the following treatment/procedure:				
I authorise Dr				

Introduction

The patella is a small bone located in front of the knee joint — where the thighbone (femur) and shinbone (tibia) meet. It protects the knee and connects the muscles in the front of the thigh to the tibia.

The ends of the femur and the undersides of the patella are covered with a smooth substance called articular cartilage. This cartilage helps the bones glide easily along each other as you move the knee.

A fractured patella procedure is the surgical repair of your kneecap using screws and wires or possible removal of the knee cap. The procedure will be done under regional anaesthesia.



Consent for Blood Transfusion

Please see Blood Transfusion Consent Form. This will give you information about the type of the blood products, benefits and risks of blood transfusion. If you have any concern(s), please discuss with your doctor.

Consent for Anaesthesia

Please see Anaesthesia Consent Form. This will give you information about the type of the anaesthesia, its benefits and general risks. If you have any concern(s), please discuss with your anaesthetist(s).

Benefits (To be documented by doctor)	Alternatives (To be documented by doctor)
Alignment of fracture	Broken bones can be left without an operation and treated by resting in a
Prevention of arthritis of knees	cast. However, they may not set in the right position or may not join at all.
Early mobilisation of knee	The surgeon may consider the fracture is severe enough to need an
Maintenance of knee strength	operation.
Others, if any specify:	Others, if any specify:

General and Specific Risks (To be documented by doctor)	·	Patient Specific Risks (To be documented by doctor)
Pain	Fat necrosis: This is also a cause of delayed	1)
Scar: Operation will leave a thin scar down the	wound healing.	
middle of the knee.	Neurovascular damage: There are no major	2)
Backing out of wires: The wires used to hold the	nerves and blood vessels that run past the	
broken bone in position have a habit of backing	kneecap. However, the incision may lead to	3)
out. If they start to irritate the skin or cause	numbness at the front of the knee.	
infection, they can be easily removed. The wire	Delayed/Non-union: This may happen because	4)
can also become prominent.	the wound is damaged. The bone might be of a	
Stiffness: The knee may not move as freely as it	poor quality or the bone may not have been	5)
did before.	adequately fixed or for unknown reasons. It may	
Recurrent infection. This will require antibiotics.	require another operation in the future.	

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 kneecap resultin may require drug The screws and varies and varies and resulting the surgical incises and the sensation and company be abnormatickened and resulting the sunder tension, supply. Bleeding could of the operating 	 Small areas of the lung can collapse, increasing the risk of chest infection. This may need antibiotics and physiotherapy. In obese people, there is an increased risk in obese people of wound infection, chest infection, heart and lung complications and thrombosis. Cardiac arrest or stroke could occur due to the strain on the heart. Deep vein thrombosis (DVT) causing pain and swelling. Death Others, if any specify: 			
Specific Notes Relar required)	ted to Procedure (Strike out if not	Precise Action Points Understood by (To be documented by patient/substitute de	y the Patient/Substitute Decision Maker cision maker in his/her language)	
Patient's Authorisa		and proposed operation. Lam new awars of t	the intended benefits, possible risks and	
complications aThe doctor has risks of not have	and available alternatives to the sa explained other relevant/alternations ring the procedure. I have been give	and proposed operation. I am now aware of the definition of the treatment options and their associated risly when the choice to take a second opinion. I wary from patient to patient and I declare the	ks. The doctor has also explained the	
• I am aware tha complications.	- · · ·	an uneventful operation and recovery, few cannot complications associated with this operations of any operation.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
I also understa	nd that sometimes a planned ope	ration may need to be postponed or cancelle	ed if my clinical condition worsens or due	
• I understand th and in such cas	e there may be difference in the p	further or alternative operative/procedural rolanned and actual operation. include blood/blood product transfusion (for		
obtained).	, acting the determinant, procedure may			
including the ri	sks specific to me (for which a sep			
intensive care of medicines or tr treatment/prod	unit and/or extension of duration eatments, thereby leading to incredure.	operation and the care to be provided and upof hospitalisation may be required and/or the ease in the treatment expenses, depending upon is appreciated by the case of the deptar will be assisted by the	ere may be requirement of extra upon the body's response to the	
		is operation the doctor will be assisted by money meteral by money. The seed arises.	euicai and paramedical team and that	
I authorise the during and for	hospital for the disposal of any tis the purpose of conducting this op	sue or body part that may be removed from eration.		
I agree to obse	rving, photography (still/video/tel	evising) of the procedure (including relevant	portions of my body) including my	

diagnosis/reports (pathology, radiology etc) for academic/medical/medico-legal purposes/scientific publications, provided my identity

For purposes of advancing medical education, I consent to the admittance of observers to the operating room.

Yes

is not revealed/disclosed by such acts).

□ Yes □ No

 \square No

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	Patellectomy	

Patient Name:		Signature:			Date and Time:
Substitute Decision Maker Name:	Relationship:	Reason (patier to give consen		Signature:	Date and Time:
Witness Name:	Relationship:		Signature:	Date and Time:	
Interpreter Name:	Translation given in:		Signature:	Date and Time:	
Declaration by the Doctor I have explained to the patient / authorised representatives the medical condition, need for the procedure, its alternatives and benefits/risks, likely consequences if those risks occur and the significant risks and problems specific to this patient including the risks of not undergoing the procedure. I have given the patient/ authorised representatives an opportunity to ask questions about any of the above matters and raise any other concerns. I have answered all their queries to the best of my knowledge.					
Name and Signature of the Doctor with Reg No:			Date and Time:		